

WAAS Quick Facts

Using WAAS, aircraft can access over 3,000 runway ends in poor weather conditions with minimums as low as 200 feet. WAAS can even get you into places where the Instrument Landing System (ILS) may not be available. In addition to its unprecedented benefits related to airport access, WAAS also offers a number of other benefits. There are now twice as many WAAS procedures (LPVs and LPs) as there are ILS glide slopes in the U.S. National Airspace System.

WAAS LPVs Provide Similar Level of Service to Category I ILS

- Vertical guidance
- Glidepath more stable than that of ILS
- Minimums as low as 200 feet, which is lower than all Required Navigation Performance (RNP) Authorization Required (AR) approaches and all conventional (e.g. VOR, NDB) non-precision approaches

WAAS LPVs Outnumber Category I ILS Approaches Within the U.S.

As of November 15, 2012:

- 3,030 published LPVs
- Serving 1,519 airports
- 1,307 LPVs serving 803 non-ILS airports
- FAA is adding 500 new WAAS procedures each year

Benefits of WAAS compared with GPS for Flight Planning, Terminal and Enroute Operations

- Allows use of LNAV/VNAV minima without temperature restrictions
- Provides vertically-guided approach procedures capability at airports that do not have groundbased navigational aides (Some infrastructure upgrades may be required to get the best possible minimums. More information is available in "Maximizing Airport Operations Using the Wide Area Augmentation System" available at http://gps.faa.gov.)
- Is not affected by snow reflections that can impact ILS operations
- Allows RNAV (GPS) approaches to be used for alternate airport flight planning
- Increases number of alternate airport options which improves flight planning flexibility
- Satisfies equipment requirements for 'T' and 'Q' routes (meets SFAR 97 in Alaska)

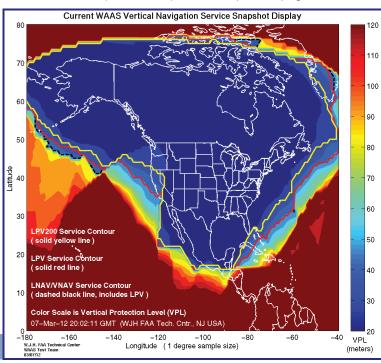
- Eliminates RAIM check requirement per AC 90-100A
- WAAS provides two additional ranging sources (from WAAS GEOs)
- Enables extension of terminal mode operations for both departure and arrival to beyond 30 nautical miles from the airport reference point
- Increased accuracy and availability

GPS/WAAS Technical Standard Orders

TSO-C145c - "Airborne Navigation Sensors Using the GPS Augmented by the Satellite-Based Augmentation System"

TSO-C146c - "Stand-Alone Airborne Navigation Equipment Using the GPS System Augmented by the Satellite-Based Augmentation System"

To access a current coverage map, go to http://gps.faa.gov and click on "Real-time WAAS Coverage" in the sliding banner of image links (In the News) near the top of the page



Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS)

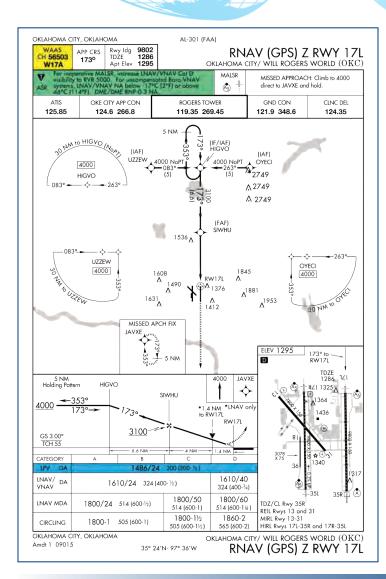
LPV Approaches Enabled by a WAAS Receiver

The Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance (LPV) procedure takes advantage of the accuracy of WAAS to provide an instrument approach procedure equivalent to a Category I ILS approach. While an LPV approach looks and flies like an ILS approach, it provides the pilot with more stable vertical guidance. An LPV approach can provide minimums as low as 200 feet at qualifying airports.

WAAS LP Approaches Introduced

The new Localizer Performance (LP) procedures can often provide lower minima than lateral navigation (LNAV) procedures due to the narrower Obstacle Clearance Surface (OCS). The smaller LP OCS footprint provides greater potential for avoiding more obstructions in the final approach segment that would otherwise require the minima to be higher. LPs will be published at locations where the terrain or obstructions do not allow publication of LPV procedures. As of November 15, 2012, there are 395 LPs serving 288 airports, 324 of those serving 232 non-ILS airports.

NOTE - WAAS receivers certified prior to TSO C-145b and TSO C-146b, even if they have LPV capability, do not contain LP capability unless the receiver has been upgraded. Receivers capable of flying LP procedures must contain a statement in the Flight Manual Supplement or Approved Supplemental Flight Manual stating that the receiver has LP capability, as well as the capability for the other WAAS and GPS approach procedure



Important RNAV Approach Information

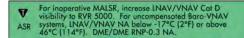
WAAS CH **56503 W17A**

WAAS Channel Number: CH 56503

WAAS Approach ID: W17A

W: WAAS **17:** Runway 17L

A: 1st WAAS Approach to RWY 17L



Temperature Restriction does not apply to WAAS equipment

LPV DA	1486/24 200 (200-1/5)

LPV Minimum Line (flown with WAAS receiver only)

How to Request an LPV or LP Approach at Your Airport

Click on the header above or go to http://gps.faa.gov and type "request an LPV" in the search box.

Where to Find Listing of Airports with LPV and LP Approaches

Click on the header above or go to http://gps.faa.gov and click on "GPS/WAAS Approaches" in the sliding banner of image links (In the News) near the top of the page.

HO-892331 as of 11/15/201.